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required under §63.1335(e)(6), for the purposes of this subpart. If the leak remains unrepaired, the information shall also be submitted in each subsequent Periodic Report, until the repair of the leak is reported.

(d) The compliance date for heat exchange systems subject to the provisions of this section is specified in §63.1311.

## §63.1329 Process contact cooling towers provisions.

(a) This section applies to each new affected source that manufactures PET and each existing affected source that manufactures PET using a continuous terephthalic acid high viscosity multiple end finisher process. The owner or operator a new affected source shall comply with paragraph (b) of this section. The owner or operator of an existing affected source that manufactures PET using a continuous terephthalic acid high viscosity multiple end finisher process shall comply with paragraph (c) of this section. The compliance data for process contact cooling towers subject to the provisions of this section is specified in §63.1311.

(b) New affected source requirements. The owner or operator of a new affected source subject to this section shall comply with paragraphs (b)(1) through (b)(2) of this section.

(1) The owner or operator of a new affected source subject to this section shall not send contact condenser effluent associated with a vacuum system to a process contact cooling tower.

(2) The owner or operator of a new affected source subject to this section shall indicate in the Notification of Compliance Status, as required in §63.1335(e)(5), that contact condenser effluent associated with vacuum systems is not sent to process contact cooling towers.

(c) Existing affected source requirements. The owner or operator of an existing affected source subject to this section who manufactures PET using a continuous terephthalic acid high viscosity multiple end finisher process,

and who is subject or becomes subject to 40 CFR part 60, subpart DDD, shall maintain an ethylene glycol concentration in the cooling tower at or below 4.0 percent by weight averaged on a daily basis over a rolling 14-day period of operating days. Compliance with this paragraph (c) shall be determined as specified in paragraphs (c)(1) through (c)(4) of this section.

(1) To determine the ethylene glycol concentration, owners or operators shall follow the procedures specified in 40 CFR 60.564(j)(1), except as provided in paragraph (c)(2) of this section.

(i) At least one sample per operating day shall be collected using the procedures specified in 40 CFR 60.564(j)(1)(i). An average ethylene glycol concentration by weight shall be calculated on a daily basis over a rolling 14-day period of operating days. Each daily average ethylene glycol concentration so calculated constitutes a performance test. Exceedance of the standard during the reduced testing program specified in paragraph (b)(1)(ii) of this section is a violation of these standards.

(ii) The owner or operator may elect to reduce the sampling program to any 14 consecutive day period once every two calendar months, if at least seventeen consecutive 14-day rolling average concentrations immediately preceding the reduced sampling program are each less than 1.2 weight percent ethylene glycol. If the average concentration obtained over the 14 day sampling during the reduced test period exceeds the upper 95 percent confidence interval calculated from the most recent test results in which no one 14-day average exceeded 1.2 weight percent ethylene glycol, then the owner or operator shall reinstitute a daily sampling program. The 95 percent confidence interval shall be calculated as specified in paragraph (b)(1)(iii) of this section. A reduced program may be reinstituted if the requirements specified in this paragraph (c)(1)(ii) are met.

(iii) The upper 95 percent confidence interval shall be calculated using the Equation 27 of this subpart:

$$CI_{95} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} X_i}{n} + 2\sqrt{\frac{n\sum_{i=1}^{n} X^2 - (\sum_{i=1}^{n} x)^2}{n(n-1)}}$$
 [Eq. 27]

where:

 $X_i$  = daily ethylene glycol concentration for each day used to calculate each 14-day rolling average used in test results to justify implementing the reduced testing program.

n = number of ethylene glycol concentrations.

- (2) Measuring an alternative parameter, such as carbon oxygen demand or biological oxygen demand, that is demonstrated to be directly proportional to the ethylene glycol concentration shall be allowed. Such parameter shall be measured during the initial 14-day performance test during which the facility is shown to be in compliance with the ethylene glycol concentration standard whereby the ethylene glycol concentration is determined using the procedures described in paragraph (b)(1) of this section. The alternative parameter shall be measured on a daily basis and the average value of the alternative parameter shall be calculated on a daily basis over a rolling 14-day period of operating days. Each daily average value of the alternative parameter constitutes a performance test.
- (3) During each performance test, daily measurement and daily average 14-day rolling averages of the ethylene glycol concentration in the cooling tower water shall be recorded. For the initial performance test, these records shall be submitted in the Notification of Compliance Status report.
- (4) All periods when the 14-day rolling average exceeds the standard shall be reported in the Periodic Report.

## §63.1330 Wastewater provisions.

- (a) The owner or operator of each affected source shall comply with the requirements of §§ 63.131 through 63.148, with the differences noted in paragraphs (a)(1) through (a)(12) of this section for the purposes of this subpart.
- When the determination of equivalence criteria in §63.102(b) is re-

ferred to in §§ 63.132, 63.133, and 63.137, the provisions in §63.6(g) shall apply.

(2) When the storage tank requirements contained in §§ 63.119 through 63.123 are referred to in §§ 63.132 through 63.148, §§ 63.119 through 63.123 are applicable, with the exception of the differences referred to in §63.1314, for the purposes of this subpart.

(3) When the owner or operator requests to use alternatives to the continuous operating parameter monitoring and recordkeeping provisions referred to in §63.151(g), or the owner or operator submits an operating permit application instead of an Implementation Plan as specified in §63.152(e), as referred to in §63.146(a)(3), §63.1335(g) and §63.1335(e)(8), respectively, shall apply for the purposes of this subpart.

(4) When the Notification of Compliance Status requirements contained in §63.152(b) are referred to in §§63.146 and 63.147, the Notification of Compliance Status requirements contained in  $\S63.1335(e)(5)$  shall apply for the pur-

poses of this subpart.

(5) When the Periodic Report requirements contained in §63.152(c) are referred to in §§ 63.146 and 63.147, the Periodic Report requirements contained in §63.1335(e)(6) shall apply for the purposes of this subpart.

(6) When the Initial Notification Plan requirements in §63.151(b) are referred to in §63.146, the owner or operator of an affected source subject to this subpart need not comply for the purposes of this subpart.

(7) When the Implementation Plan requirements contained in §63.151 are referred to in §63.146, the owner or operator of an affected source subject to this subpart need not comply for the purposes of this subpart.

(8) When the term "range" is used in §63.143(f), the term "level" shall be used instead for the purposes of this subpart. This level shall be determined using the procedures specified in § 63.1334.